Seat	
No.	

[5559]-201

S.E. (I.T.) (First Semester) EXAMINATION, 2019

DISCRETE STRUCTURES

(2015 PATTERN)

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B. :— (i) Answer Q. 1 or Q. 2, Q. 3 or Q. 4, Q. 5 or Q. 6 and Q. 7 or Q. 8.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- Q1 A) A single card is drawn from an ordinary deck of 52 cards. Find the probability p that: 6
 - (i) the card is a face card
 - (ii) the card is face card and heart
 - (iii) the card is face card or heart.
 - B) In a survey of 60 people it was found that:

6

- 25 real Business India
- 26 read India Today
- 25 read Times of India
- 11 read both Business India and India Today
- 9 read both Business India and Times of India
- 8 read both India Today and Times of India
- 8 read none of these.
 - (i) How many read all three?
 - (ii) How many read exactly one?

OR

O2 A) Use mathematical induction to show that:

6

$$\frac{1}{1.2}$$
 $+\frac{1}{2.3}$ $+\frac{1}{3.4}$ $+\dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$ = $\frac{n}{n+1}$ for all $n \ge 1$

- B) In a country club 60% of the players play tennis, 40% players play golf, 20% players 6 play both tennis and golf. A member is chosen at random:
 - (i) Find the probability that a member neither plays tennis nor golf.
- (ii) If a member plays tennis, find the probability that member plays golf.

$$\frac{1}{1.2}$$
 $+\frac{1}{2.3}$ $+\frac{1}{3.4}$ $+\dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$ = $\frac{n}{n+1}$ for all $n > 1$

- B) In a country club 60% of the players play tennis, 40% players play golf, 20% players 6 play both tennis and golf. A member is chosen at random:
 - (i) Find the probability that a member neither plays tennis nor golf.
 - (ii) If a member plays tennis, find the probability that member plays golf.
 - (iii) If a member plays golf, find the probability that member plays tennis.
- O3 A) Let $A=\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ and R be the relation on A such that

6

6

6

- B) Define the following with suitable example:
 - (i) Cut set
 - (ii) Factors of graph
 - (iii) Weighted graph.

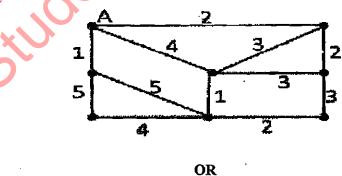
OR

Q4 A) Find the solution to the recurrence relation

$$a_n = 6 a_{n-1} - 11 a_{n-2} + 6 a_{n-3}$$

with initial condition $a_0 = 2$, $a_1 = 5$ and $a_2 = 15$.

- B) Determine the number of edges in a graph with 6 nodes, 2 of degree 4 and 4 of degree 2. Draw two such graphs.
- Q5 A) Construct an optimal binary tree for the set of weights as
 {15, 22, 9, 11, 10, 13, 8}. Find the weight of an optimal tree.
 Also assign the prefix codes and write the code words.
 - B) Find the minimum cost spanning tree of the following graph using Prim's algorithm.

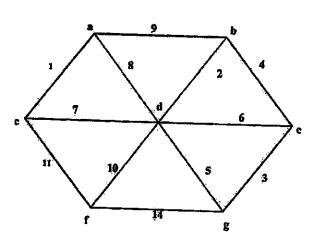


Q6 A). Suppose data items A,B,C,D,E,F,G occur in the following frequencies. Construct Huffman code for data and find minimum weighted path length

items	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
Weigh	t 10	30	5	15	20	15	5

AACIBULTO DO LO TO TO TO DO D

B) Use Kruskal's algorithm to find minimum spanning tree of this graph.



7

7

- Q7 A) Consider the group(Z,+), Prove that (Z,*) is an abelian group where * is binary operation defined by a*b=a+b+1 for all a,b $\in Z$
 - B) Define the following with example:
 - (i) Monoid
 - (ii) Cyclic group
 - (iii) Abelian group

OR

- Q8 A) Let $Z_8 = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$. Let R is a relation under the operations addition modulo 7 7 and multiplication modulo 7. Does this system form a ring? Is it a commutative ring?
 - B) What is homomorphism and automorphism in an algebraic system? Explain by giving 6 example of each.